

5. Notice of an order made under section 4 hereof shall be posted up on the church or mosque of the village and a copy thereof shall be sent to the person, if any, upon whose land the excavation is situate. Notice of order.

6. The Commissioner may, if he shall think advisable, order any excavation to be closed or otherwise altered; and may by notice in writing require such work as may in his opinion be necessary to be done:— Order for closing or altering excavation.

(a.) In the case of an excavation upon waste lands, out of the funds of the village derived from the Village Roads Law, 1900; provided that the Village Roads funds shall not be utilized for closing excavations made by the Public Works Department;

(b.) In the case of an excavation upon lands in the occupation of any person, by the occupier. In the event of an occupier not complying forthwith with such notice, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds.

7. Any person who shall without the authority of the Commissioner work in any excavation as to which an order shall have been made under section 4 hereof prohibiting work at such excavation, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two pounds. Penalty.

8. Nothing in this Law contained or any order or notice made thereunder shall be deemed to grant sanction to or acknowledge in any way a right in any person to remove stones or earth from an excavation if he shall not otherwise have such right. No right conferred by order or notice.

## EXCISE, *see* CUSTOMS, EXCISE, AND REVENUE.

## EXPLOSIVES AND PETROLEUM.

4 OF 1882.

TO REGULATE THE STORAGE, TRANSPORT AND SALE OF GUNPOWDER AND PETROLEUM, AND OTHER EXPLOSIVE AND INFLAMMABLE SUBSTANCES.

ROBERT BIDDULPH.]

[March 20, 1882.]

### PART 1.

#### *Storage of Explosives.*

1. The High Commissioner may permit gunpowder, cartridges or other explosive substances to be stored in any building approved by High Commissioner may permit storage of

gunpowder  
and other  
explosives.

him in such quantities as he shall prescribe, and whilst so stored no such gunpowder, cartridges, or other explosive substances shall be dealt with except under such regulations as the High Commissioner or any person duly authorized by him shall from time to time issue in that behalf; and any person removing any such gunpowder, cartridges, or other explosive substances from such building or otherwise dealing with the same without due permission, or contrary to any regulations so made as aforesaid, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds for each such offence; and all expenses incurred by the Government of Cyprus by reason of any permission granted under the provisions of this Law shall be defrayed by the occupier of the building in respect of which the permission shall have been given.

Prohibition  
of storage of  
explosives  
without per-  
mission of  
High Com-  
missioner.

2. Except by the permission of the High Commissioner granted in accordance with section 1, no person shall keep in any place a greater quantity than ten okes or twenty-eight pounds of gunpowder or cartridges on the same premises at the same time, nor any quantity whatever of any explosive substance other than gunpowder or cartridges; and any person who shall have in his possession contrary hereto a larger quantity of gunpowder or cartridges than ten okes or twenty-eight pounds, or any quantity whatever of any other explosive substance, shall forfeit such gunpowder or explosive substance and shall be liable for each such offence in respect of gunpowder or cartridges to a penalty not exceeding one pound per oke, and in respect of any other explosive substance to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds. X

Reward to  
informers.

3. The High Commissioner may order such reward as he may see fit to be paid out of any pecuniary penalty recovered under sections 1 and 2 to any officer or other person by whose means it may have been recovered.

## PART 2.

### *Transport and storage of Petroleum within Municipal area.*

Petroleum  
not to be kept  
without a  
licence.

4. Save as hereinafter mentioned, petroleum shall not be kept within the limits of a Municipal town, except in pursuance of a licence given by the Municipal Council thereof, nor in any other place within the Island, except in pursuance of a licence given by the Commissioner of the District in which such place is situate. All petroleum kept in contravention of this section shall, together with the vessel containing it, be forfeited; and if the occupier of the

place in which the petroleum is so kept is another person than the possessor of the petroleum he shall be liable to a penalty of one shilling per box of twenty-four okes, unless the petroleum was placed there without his knowledge.

This section shall not apply to any petroleum kept either for private use or for sale, provided that the following conditions are complied with:—

(1.) That it is kept in separate glass, earthenware, or metal vessels each of which contains not more than twelve okes;

(2.) That the aggregate amount kept does not exceed thirty okes.

5.—(1.) Every Municipal Council shall frame and submit for confirmation to the High Commissioner bye-laws for regulating within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Council the mode of storage of petroleum, the nature and situation of the premises in which, and the goods with which it may be stored, the mode of carrying petroleum within the limits of the licensing authority, and generally as to the safe keeping of petroleum, as may seem expedient to the Council.

Bye-laws for regulating storage of petroleum.

(2.) Such bye-laws may also fix the rent to be paid for the storage of petroleum within the limits of the Municipality, and the law to

The Principal Law 4 of 1882 sec.2 (at p.348) is hereby amended by the addition thereto of the following proviso:—

"Provided always that in estimating the quantity of cartridges the storage of which is not prohibited by virtue of this section the weight of the gunpowder only shall be taken into consideration."

Vide Law 14 of 1924.

(5.) All bye-laws framed by any Municipal Council and confirmed by the High Commissioner, or framed by the High Commissioner in Council in pursuance of this section shall be published in the *Cyprus Gazette*, and shall take effect from the date of publication, or from such time as may be prescribed by the bye-laws.

6. If at any time it shall appear to the High Commissioner that there is no bye-law for the time being in force under this Law within the limits of the jurisdiction of a Municipal Council, the High Commissioner may by notice require the Council to frame and submit to him a bye-law for the purposes of this Law; and if the Council makes default in framing a bye-law and obtaining confirmation thereof within the time limited by the notice, the High Commissioner

High Commissioner may frame bye-laws for Municipality if Municipal Council makes default in so doing.

(1) i.e. 17 of 1895, which was passed on 9th May, 1895.

place in which the petroleum is so kept is another person than the possessor of the petroleum he shall be liable to a penalty of one shilling per box of twenty-four okes, unless the petroleum was placed there without his knowledge.

This section shall not apply to any petroleum kept either for private use or for sale, provided that the following conditions are complied with:—

- (1.) That it is kept in separate glass, earthenware, or metal vessels each of which contains not more than twelve okes;
- (2.) That the aggregate amount kept does not exceed thirty okes.

5.—(1.) Every Municipal Council shall frame and submit for confirmation to the High Commissioner bye-laws for regulating within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Council the mode of storage of petroleum, the nature and situation of the premises in which, and the goods with which it may be stored, the mode of carrying petroleum within the limits of the licensing authority, and generally as to the safe keeping of petroleum, as may seem expedient to the Council.

Bye-laws for  
regulating  
storage of  
petroleum.

(2.) Such bye-laws may also fix the rent to be paid for the storage of petroleum within the limits of the Municipality, and the fees to be paid on introducing into or bringing within the limits of the Municipality any petroleum for sale by retail, whether it is stored or not within the limits of the Municipality.

(3.) Any bye-law made before the passing of this Law<sup>(1)</sup> by any Municipal Council or Commission, and confirmed by the High Commissioner with reference to the charging of a storage rent for petroleum shall be deemed to have been duly made under this Law.

(4.) The High Commissioner in Council shall frame bye-laws for regulating the matters hereinbefore mentioned in places not within the limits of the jurisdiction of a Municipal Council.

(5.) All bye-laws framed by any Municipal Council and confirmed by the High Commissioner, or framed by the High Commissioner in Council in pursuance of this section shall be published in the *Cyprus Gazette*, and shall take effect from the date of publication, or from such time as may be prescribed by the bye-laws.

6. If at any time it shall appear to the High Commissioner that there is no bye-law for the time being in force under this Law within the limits of the jurisdiction of a Municipal Council, the High Commissioner may by notice require the Council to frame and submit to him a bye-law for the purposes of this Law; and if the Council makes default in framing a bye-law and obtaining confirmation thereof within the time limited by the notice, the High Commissioner

High  
Commissioner  
may frame  
bye-laws for  
Municipality  
if Municipal  
Council  
makes  
default in so  
doing.

(1) i.e. 17 of 1895, which was passed on 9th May, 1895.