



ΕΠΙΣΗΜΗ ΕΦΗΜΕΡΙΔΑ ΤΗΣ ΚΥΠΡΙΑΚΗΣ ΔΗΜΟΚΡΑΤΙΑΣ

ΠΑΡΑΡΤΗΜΑ ΠΡΩΤΟ

ΝΟΜΟΘΕΣΙΑ - ΜΕΡΟΣ ΙΙΙ

Αριθμός 4200	Τρίτη, 25 Νοεμβρίου 2014	10755
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Ο περί της Σύμβασης του Συμβουλίου της Ευρώπης για την Προστασία του Παιδιού από τη Σεξουαλική Εκμετάλλευση και τη Σεξουαλική Κακοποίηση (Κυρωτικός) Νόμος του 2014, εκδίδεται με δημοσίευση στην Επίσημη Εφημερίδα της Κυπριακής Δημοκρατίας σύμφωνα με το Άρθρο 52 του Συντάγματος.

Αριθμός 21(III) του 2014

ΝΟΜΟΣ ΠΟΥ ΚΥΡΩΝΕΙ ΤΗ ΣΥΜΒΑΣΗ ΤΟΥ ΣΥΜΒΟΥΛΙΟΥ ΤΗΣ ΕΥΡΩΠΗΣ ΓΙΑ
ΤΗΝ ΠΡΟΣΤΑΣΙΑ ΤΟΥ ΠΑΙΔΙΟΥ ΑΠΟ ΤΗ ΣΕΞΟΥΑΛΙΚΗ ΕΚΜΕΤΑΛΛΕΥΣΗ
ΚΑΙ ΣΕΞΟΥΑΛΙΚΗ ΚΑΚΟΠΟΙΗΣΗ

Η Βουλή των Αντιπροσώπων ψηφίζει ως ακολούθως:

Συνοπτικός
τίτλος.

1. Ο παρών Νόμος θα αναφέρεται ως ο περί της Σύμβασης του Συμβουλίου της Ευρώπης για την Προστασία του Παιδιού από τη Σεξουαλική Εκμετάλλευση και τη Σεξουαλική Κακοποίηση (Κυρωτικός) Νόμος του 2014.

Ερμηνεία.

2. Στον παρόντα Νόμο, εκτός αν από το κείμενο προκύπτει διαφορετική έννοια:

«Νόμος» σημαίνει τον περί της Σύμβασης του Συμβουλίου της Ευρώπης για την Προστασία του Παιδιού από τη Σεξουαλική Εκμετάλλευση και τη Σεξουαλική Κακοποίηση (Κυρωτικός) Νόμος του 2014·

«Σύμβαση» σημαίνει τη Σύμβαση του Συμβουλίου της Ευρώπης για την Προστασία του Παιδιού από τη Σεξουαλική Εκμετάλλευση και τη Σεξουαλική Κακοποίηση, η οποία έγινε στο Λανζαρότε της Ισπανίας στις 25 Οκτωβρίου του 2007 και η οποία υπογράφηκε από την Κυπριακή Δημοκρατία δυνάμει της Απόφασης του Υπουργικού Συμβουλίου με αριθμό 66.171 και ημερομηνία 24 Οκτωβρίου 2007.

Κύρωση της
Σύμβασης.
Πίνακας,
Μέρος Ι,
Μέρος ΙΙ.

3. Με τον παρόντα Νόμο κυρώνεται η Σύμβαση, το κείμενο της οποίας εκτίθεται στην αγγλική γλώσσα στο Μέρος Ι του Πίνακα και σε ελληνική μετάφραση στο Μέρος ΙΙ του Πίνακα:

Νοείται ότι, σε περίπτωση διαφοράς μεταξύ του αγγλικού κειμένου του Μέρους Ι και του ελληνικού κειμένου του Μέρους ΙΙ του Πίνακα, υπερισχύει το κείμενο που εκτίθεται στο Μέρος Ι του Πίνακα.

Κανονισμοί.

4. Το Υπουργικό Συμβούλιο δύναται να εκδίδει Κανονισμούς που δημοσιεύονται στην Επίσημη Εφημερίδα της Δημοκρατίας, με τους οποίους ρυθμίζεται οποιοδήποτε θέμα χρήζει τέτοιας ρύθμισης για καλύτερη και αποτελεσματικότερη εφαρμογή της Σύμβασης.

ΠΙΝΑΚΑΣ
(Άρθρο 3)

ΜΕΡΟΣ Ι

Council of Europe Convention
on the Protection of Children
against Sexual Exploitation
and Sexual Abuse

Lanzarote, 25.X.2007

Preamble

The member States of the Council of Europe and the other signatories hereto;

Considering that the aim of the Council of Europe is to achieve a greater unity between its members;

Considering that every child has the right to such measures of protection as are required by his or her status as a minor, on the part of his or her family, society and the State;

Observing that the sexual exploitation of children, in particular child pornography and prostitution, and all forms of sexual abuse of children, including acts which are committed abroad, are destructive to children's health and psycho-social development;

Observing that the sexual exploitation and sexual abuse of children have grown to worrying proportions at both national and international level, in particular as regards the increased use by both children and perpetrators of information and communication technologies (ICTs), and that preventing and combating such sexual exploitation and sexual abuse of children require international co-operation;

Considering that the well-being and best interests of children are fundamental values shared by all member States and must be promoted without any discrimination;

Recalling the Action Plan adopted at the 3rd Summit of Heads of State and Governments of the Council of Europe (Warsaw, 16-17 May 2005), calling for the elaboration of measures to stop sexual exploitation of children;

Recalling in particular the Committee of Ministers Recommendation No. R (91) 11 concerning sexual exploitation, pornography and prostitution of, and trafficking in, children and young adults, Recommendation Rec(2001)16 on the protection of children against sexual exploitation, and the Convention on Cybercrime (ETS No. 185), especially Article 9 thereof, as well as the Council of Europe Convention on Action against Trafficking in Human Beings (CETS No. 197);

Bearing in mind the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms (1950, ETS No. 5), the revised European Social Charter (1996, ETS No. 163), and the European Convention on the Exercise of Children's Rights (1996, ETS No. 160);

Also bearing in mind the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child, especially Article 34 thereof, the Optional Protocol on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography, the Protocol to Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Persons, Especially Women and Children, supplementing the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime, as well as the International Labour Organization Convention concerning the Prohibition and Immediate Action for the Elimination of the Worst Forms of Child Labour;

Bearing in mind the Council of the European Union Framework Decision on combating the sexual exploitation of children and child pornography (2004/68/JHA), the Council of the European Union Framework Decision on the standing of victims in criminal proceedings (2001/220/JHA), and the Council of the European Union Framework Decision on combating trafficking in human beings (2002/629/JHA);

Taking due account of other relevant international instruments and programmes in this field, in particular the Stockholm Declaration and Agenda for Action, adopted at the 1st World Congress against Commercial Sexual Exploitation of Children (27-31 August 1996), the Yokohama Global Commitment adopted at the 2nd World Congress against Commercial Sexual Exploitation of Children (17-20 December 2001), the Budapest Commitment and Plan of Action, adopted at the preparatory Conference for the 2nd World Congress against Commercial Sexual Exploitation of Children (20-21 November 2001), the United Nations General Assembly Resolution S-27/2 "A world fit for children" and the three-year programme "Building a Europe for and with children", adopted following the 3rd Summit and launched by the Monaco Conference (4-5 April 2006);

Determined to contribute effectively to the common goal of protecting children against sexual exploitation and sexual abuse, whoever the perpetrator may be, and of providing assistance to victims;

Taking into account the need to prepare a comprehensive international instrument focusing on the preventive, protective and criminal law aspects of the fight against all forms of sexual exploitation and sexual abuse of children and setting up a specific monitoring mechanism,

Have agreed as follows:

Chapter I – Purposes, non-discrimination principle and definitions

Article 1 – Purposes

- 1 The purposes of this Convention are to:
 - a prevent and combat sexual exploitation and sexual abuse of children;
 - b protect the rights of child victims of sexual exploitation and sexual abuse;
 - c promote national and international co-operation against sexual exploitation and sexual abuse of children.
- 2 In order to ensure effective implementation of its provisions by the Parties, this Convention sets up a specific monitoring mechanism.

Article 2 – Non-discrimination principle

The implementation of the provisions of this Convention by the Parties, in particular the enjoyment of measures to protect the rights of victims, shall be secured without discrimination on any ground such as sex, race, colour, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, association with a national minority, property, birth, sexual orientation, state of health, disability or other status.

Article 3 – Definitions

For the purposes of this Convention:

- a “child” shall mean any person under the age of 18 years;
- b “sexual exploitation and sexual abuse of children” shall include the behaviour as referred to in Articles 18 to 23 of this Convention;
- c “victim” shall mean any child subject to sexual exploitation or sexual abuse.

Chapter II – Preventive measures

Article 4 – Principles

Each Party shall take the necessary legislative or other measures to prevent all forms of sexual exploitation and sexual abuse of children and to protect children.

Article 5 – Recruitment, training and awareness raising of persons working in contact with children

- 1 Each Party shall take the necessary legislative or other measures to encourage awareness of the protection and rights of children among persons who have regular contacts with children in the education, health, social protection, judicial and law-enforcement sectors and in areas relating to sport, culture and leisure activities.
- 2 Each Party shall take the necessary legislative or other measures to ensure that the persons referred to in paragraph 1 have an adequate knowledge of sexual exploitation and sexual abuse of children, of the means to identify them and of the possibility mentioned in Article 12, paragraph 1.
- 3 Each Party shall take the necessary legislative or other measures, in conformity with its internal law, to ensure that the conditions to accede to those professions whose exercise implies regular contacts with children ensure that the candidates to these professions have not been convicted of acts of sexual exploitation or sexual abuse of children.