

CAP. 217.

CYPRUS

CONFISCATION OF PUBLIC LANDS

CHAPTER 217 OF THE LAWS

1959 EDITION

PRINTED BY

C. F. ROWORTH LIMITED, 54, GRAFTON WAY, LONDON, W.1.

[Appointed by the Government of Cyprus the Government Printers of this Edition of Laws within the meaning of the Evidence (Colonial Statutes) Act, 1907.]

1959

CHAPTER 217.

CONFISCATION OF PUBLIC LANDS

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS.

Section	Page
1 Short title ...	2
2 Interpretation ...	2
3 Confiscation of uncultivated land ...	2
4 To be sold to former owner or by auction ...	2
5 Decision of equivalent value ...	2
6 Exceptions from confiscation ...	2

1949
Cap. 224.

[24th June, 1885.]

Short title.

1. This Law may be cited as the Confiscation of Public Lands Law.

Interpre-
tation.

2. In this Law—
“land” means all cultivable land.

Confiscation
of unculti-
vated land.

3. Public land (arazi-mirie) which has been left uncultivated for ten years, unless under the provisions of section 6 of this Law, shall be confiscated by the Government.

To be sold
to former
owner or by
auction.

4. The Government on confiscating the land shall offer it to the former owner at the equivalent value, and, if he refuse it, shall put it up to auction for one month and adjudge it to the highest bidder.

Decision of
equivalent
value.

5. The equivalent value shall be decided by two experts, one chosen by the Government and one by the party interested. Before considering the price the two experts shall appoint a third party, who shall decide the price in case of difference between the other two.

Exceptions
from
confiscation.

6. There shall be excepted from such confiscation any lands which have remained uncultivated either—

(a) from the inundation of water; or

(b) because the land, having formerly been vineyard, requires to remain for a longer time uncultivated in order that it may become fit for replanting;